

**Ceremony for the solemn undertaking of the  
Chief Prosecutor of the International Criminal Court**

Monday, 16 June 2003  
The Peace Palace  
The Hague, The Netherlands

**Statement made by  
Mr. Luis Moreno-Ocampo**

*Chief Prosecutor*

Your Royal Highness  
Mr. President of the International Criminal Court  
Mr. President of the Assembly of States Parties  
Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is a great privilege to join, as Prosecutor, such a distinguished group of judges selected among candidates from all over the world.

It is a privilege and a great responsibility.

We will be independent and ensure the strict compliance with the Statute. But we recognise that might not be enough.

There are so many divergent interests in the world today that there is not even consensus about the basic goal of punishing the authors of genocide. An international criminal court totally independent and impartial brings hope, but at the same time raises reasonable fears and misunderstandings.

If we destroy the hopes and increase the misunderstandings, not only will we have failed as individuals but we also will have wasted the efforts of more than a century and destroyed an institution essential to global peace.

To face this challenge, the Office of the Prosecutor will undertake a participatory dialogue both in the policy-setting process and in the actual implementation of its policies. This process will start tomorrow with the first public hearing and will continue through further meetings and informal consultations.

If I may quote from your statements in the past, Mr. President, there seems to be a paradox: the ICC is independent and interdependent at the same time. It cannot act alone. It will achieve efficiency only if it works closely with other members of the international community.

Mr. President,

For that reason, States Parties will necessarily continue to play an active role so that the Court can enhance the wide support that it enjoys today and achieve universal participation.

I do not want to miss the opportunity to thank the President of the Assembly of States Parties for his efficient and skilful leadership. We will need his support in the future.

Mr. President,

Interdependence is also requested by the complementary nature of the Court.

The Court is complementary to national systems. This means that whenever there is genuine State action, the Court cannot and will not intervene.

As a consequence of complementarity, the number of cases that reach the Court should not be a measure its efficiency. On the contrary, the absence of trials before this Court, as a consequence of the regular functioning of national institutions, would be a major success.

For this reason, the first task of the Office of the Prosecutor will be to establish links with prosecutors and judges from all over the world.

They continue to bear primary responsibility for investigating and prosecuting the crimes within the jurisdiction of the Court, and we are confident that they will make every effort to carry out their duties.

We wish to interact with them in order to establish a network of national and international prosecutors who will co-operate with each other and develop the ability to function together.

We express our recognition for all efforts made at the international level to combat impunity since Nuremberg. We will learn from them as well as from the prosecutors and judges of national jurisdictions who have investigated and punished the perpetrators of massive crimes.

At the International Criminal Court we have the opportunity, the authority and the resources to organise the Office of the Prosecutor with the highest level of professionalism. In selecting the staff, the Office of the Prosecutor will seek to choose the best possible candidates from all over the world.

Mr. President,

The Statute of Rome and the creation of the Court would not have been possible without the work of the non-governmental organisations, under the co-ordination of the coalition.

The Office of the Prosecutor needs to maintain the same level of interaction with civil society, through a policy of ongoing open dialogue which will be established.

The Office of the Prosecutor must also take into account the existing interdependence of other important institutions and governmental organisations dedicated to the enhancement of the rule of law, humanitarian assistance and conflict resolution. Business people and media owners must acknowledge their social role as well.

Business, and multinational companies in particular, must understand that it is in their own enlightened self-interest to improve, respect and defend human rights, peace, and social justice, and to work against violence. In the long run, there can be no successful companies in failing societies.

The media can also contribute to prevent conflict and crimes by exposing injustice and violence, not only when they have already escalated into massive atrocities but also in the emerging stages. Genocide and crimes against humanity are often preceded by a long period of preparation. Too often the media and therefore the people ignore or deny the danger.

Mr. President,

Please allow me to conclude with a reference to the victims. To protect them is the objective of our mission. We must learn the lesson. On my first visit to the Holocaust Museum in Washington, I received a copy of a passport of a young polish boy. He had emigrated from Warsaw with his family, escaping the atrocities of the First World War. In

the 1930's, all of them returned to their home and were exterminated during the Nazi occupation.

In the junta trials in my own country, I met a woman whose parents were killed in the Nazi concentration camps. She wanted to have a peaceful life by emigrating to Argentina. Her sons were abducted and disappeared during the military dictatorship.

The attack on the Twin Towers in Manhattan is just another tragic demonstration that the security offered by a State will not be sufficient to guarantee the life and freedom of their citizens if the international community is not based on the rule of law.

We must learn: there is no safe haven for life and freedom if we fail to protect the rights of any person in any country of the world.

Thank you, Mr. President.