

REPORTConcerning Japanese military settlements
in Manchuria.

In 1932 the Japanese government commenced to colonize Manchuria beginning with districts which were of greatest military importance. The first to settle in Manchuria were reserve men, who had finished the active service in the Army, by means of which was reached the accumulation of cadres for mobilization deployment of the Kwantung Army, with the purpose of preparation of war against the U.S.S.R.

Militarized camps were organized for settlers where they received 3 years' training and were used for guard service.

After the 3 years' training in camps the settlers quartered in special militarized settlements.

The main districts of settling the colonists were organized in the areas adjacent to the Soviet Primorye.

By the beginning of 1936 the whole number of Japanese settlers in Manchuria was above 390,000 men.

From 1936 to 1940 about 221,000 Japanese arrived in Manchuria, of whom about 150-160 thousand were fit for military service.

By 1945 the whole number of Japanese settlers reached about one million people, of whom the adult men were used to men new divisions of the Kwantung Army in 1945.

DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT
OF THE GENERAL STAFF OF THE RED ARMY

Colonel (Tsigichko)

30 January 1946

Document No. 2133

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSLATION
OF DOCUMENT No. 2133

I, V. I. TARKHOV, Hereby certify that I am thoroughly conversant with the Russian and English languages; and the attached is a correct and true translation of Document No. 2133.

V. Tarkhov (signed)
V. I. TARKHOV.